

# Grant Proposal

Magnus Olofsson

*"Staphylococcus aureus..."*  
26 May 2015, Magnus Olofsson

# “*Staphylococcus aureus* Nasal Carriage and T Lymphocyte Subsets”

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26 May 2015

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# Nasal carriage of *Staphylococcus aureus* is...

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- ...**important** given the associated risk of nosocomial infection
- ...**complicated**, which impedes any attempt at predicting *whom* might be at risk
- ...possibly related to the balance within different subsets of **circulating T lymphocytes**

# Microbial Carriage and the Immune System

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- The nose is an “unlikely hero”
- A protective biofilm favours the staphylococci

# Clinical Typologies and the Inner Workings

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- Clinical typologies might:
  - 1) lend support in clinical decision-making, for instance in saving scarce resources
  - 2) not explain the inner workings that **regulate** the nasal carriage of *Staphylococcus aureus*
- Interleukin-17—the “new kid on the block”

# Aims of the Study

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To quantify the relationship between:

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- 1) *Staphylococcus aureus* nasal carriage, *and*
- 2) levels of circulating T lymphocyte subsets in a group of healthy subjects of different ages

# Specific Research Questions

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- Is there a **quantifiable, inverse correlation** between the:
  - 1) risk of *Staphylococcus aureus* nasal carriage, and
  - 2) levels of circulating T lymphocytes subset 17 in healthy humans?

# Specific Research Questions

- If so, is there evidence of a distinct **threshold level** for circulating T lymphocytes subset 17, above which nasal carriage is rare?



# Specific Research Questions

- If so, does the base rate of nasal carriage **remain unaffected** as the levels of circulating T lymphocytes subset 17 begin to fall in old age due to normal immunosenescence, *or...*

# Specific Research Questions

- ...is there evidence that **more colonizers** are recruited in old age as a consequence of falling subset 17 counts?

# Subjects and Setting

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- Two distinct age strata:
  - 1) subjects  $\approx$  30 years
  - 2) subjects  $\approx$  70 years
- A judgemental sample of “healthy volunteers”

# Sampling and Analysis

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- A questionnaire addressing:
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  - 1) a swab from the nasal mucosa
  - 2) a blood sample

# Sampling and Analysis (II)

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# Sampling and Analysis (II)

- The bacterial swabs are analysed using Petri dishes for cultivation



## Sampling and Analysis (II)

- The bacterial swabs are analysed using Petri dishes for cultivation
- The blood samples are analysed using flow cytometry, where the levels of the respective subsets of T lymphocytes are counted

# Future Significance

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- Forming the foundation for biopsy studies in healthy humans

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- Forming the foundation for biopsy studies in healthy humans
- Providing a basis for future research on therapeutic use of interleukin-17 in order to **stop** nasal carriage

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# Thank you!

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